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On 1 January 1947 the CIA Library was organized

as the Intelligence Documents Division of the Reference

Branch of the Office of Reports and Estimates (ORE).

It was assigned an initial T/O of 47 The first person on 2 Flower, who holds the distinction of having remained on the reference staff of the Library until her retirement in 1973. Mrs. 25X1A9a

first task was to set up interlibrary loan with arrangements with the Library of Congress (LC) and/other government libraries.

In June the Library received its first Chief
25X1A9a
Librarian (later CIA Librarian)--

had transferred to CIG from the ONI Library in

December 1946 and had been assigned as Chief Librarian

in the Foreign Documents Division (FDD) of the Office

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of Operations When he joined the/Reference Branch

he was given complete authority for the Library's first with the superior of the films of the first of the fi

equipment and books, many/from other libraries. In the distriction of the distriction of

intelligence documents which had been sored in the Message Center of ORE awaiting the establishment of the intelligence documents division.

Arrangement were made with the stranger of the form about the stranger of the stranger

By 1948 Army, Navy and State eables over were destroyed when they reached SECPET the age of 6 months.

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ecords with Reference Center Center, A&M, Procurement and C Bound Books and Chief, Reference No. 10-15 "Accountability Library Service for Unglassified Foreign and Proposed Procedures for Consolidation Instruction Periodical Subscriptions" Center Library dministrative Reference

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Their receipt was recorded im a visible serial file and arranged by source. Buring these formative months the Library received authorization for centralization of purchase orders for books and periodicals to avoid duplicate ordering by offices in the Agency.

1948

operation working procedures for reference, intendibrary loan, circulation, preparation of bibliographies, book-selection, book cataloging and document indexing and filing.

After the 1 May merger of the Reference Center and the Office of Collection and Dissemination (OCD), the CIA Library absorbed the information and distribution duties of the former Central Records Division/Services Branch/Administration and Management (A&M) Prior to this, the Library had indexed and filed the documents but had not been responsible for their distribution. The organizational breakdown of the Library was follows: Field Survey Division, responsible for locating items of unusual intelligence significance in universities, libraries and research institutions, both in and out of the Washington 25X1A9a area; Bibliographic Division, including the Analysis Section 25X1A9 for indexing of documents and the Catalog Section for book ordering and cataloing Reference Division for answer information queries and preparing bibliographies; Distribution Division for recording the bibliographic imformation of

every incoming intelligence document, and for distributing documents,

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inactive records in the Agency, for maintaining central

the precedence of all Top Secret documents record over all administrative receords, and for directing Archives Division for the efficient management of active and

resolved the major resolved that by December 1918 the major organization of the Library was complete. With 75% of the authorized organization on hand, the Library devoted 32% of the staff's times of the Library files, 23% for bibliographic processing of intelligence documents for the Library files, 23% for bibliographic processing and procedures and the remaining 1% of the staff's times of administrative duties. Two Library publications made their appearance: the metalligence documents)

The workload in the Library increased as the young Agency of 27% in the number of copies received. During 1918 the and distributed in 1919 than in the previous year and an increase of publications ordered averaged 628; for 1919-1,376.

number of publications ordered averaged 628; for 1949-1,376. number of items circulated from 2,196 to 3,355. Which are The number of reference searches rose from 1,161 to 1,500; the

Memo from Chief, CIA Libraey to Administrative Officer, OCD "Brief Operational History, 1946-48" 31 Dec 48 SECRET (in Library Daily Reading File Jul-dec 48 68-116/2)

Withe newspaper and periodical clipping service had commenced in 15 March 1948. Clippings from 24 newspapers and 21 magazines were supplied to six geographic branches of ORE based on reading requirements.

* To The facel Control with Control of Contro The dissolution of Special Project No. 1 (uncleared have not been in three important aspects: newspaper clipping service

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FOIAb3b1 Daily Reports, and indexing of unclassified indexing of documents into the Intellofax System.

On 17 March 1949 the Agency Assistant Directors established the Document Procurement Committee toa advise the CIA Library en matters pertaining to the procurement of foreign and domestic publications.

The CIA Library reference book collection was converted in September from LE call numbers to the classification scheme used for documents- the Intelligence Subject Code (ISC), thus standardizing the Library's subject and area approach to its resources. (In 1948, 6,912 hocks had been cataleged.)

In Nevember 1949 the Library was reorganized into the 25X1A9a following fire branches:

Analysis (under

Cataloging (under 25X1A9a

Central "ecords (under

who supervised this activity until her retirement in 1958), 25X1A9a

Records Management (under

and later

and Reference (under

until 1954). The

Analysis Branch performed the input to the Intellofax System. The

Cataloging Branch had three sections: Cataloging, rder (procure-

ment), and Publications Review (clipping service). Central

Records Branch was responsible for distribution of documents, maintenance if

including Top Secret/and (TS) and TS files. Records Management

(formerly Archives) was charged with developing an active

FOIAb3b1 * See chapter on Intellofax for indexing of Daily Reports

** See chapter on Acquisitions-Procurement for further discussion *** By General Order No. 28, 31 September 1949, a vertical departmental organizational structure was adopted or CIA. The Library, therefore, became a Division in OCD and all breakdowns therefor became Branches.

became a Division in Ood and all Dreamwall with the property of the Approved For Release 1999/09/219: City By Starf Oost Too S

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CIA Records Management Program. Reference Branch included 25X1A9a three sections: Circulation. Information (under 25X1A9a

until her retirement in June 1972) and Files.

1950**-51**

With the issuance of CIA Notice 30-50, dated 26 July 1950, the Library accelerated the Records Management Frogram for the Agency. 149,363 items from 1948 and 1949 were microfilmed, resulting in the processing of 351,698

frames for archival purposes.

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In April 1950 Teplaced Nr. le servi

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as CIA Top Secret Control Officer (TSCO) and as CIA Custodian of Registered Documents. He also, appointed

CIA Control Officer for

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special materials. In October 1950 he called a meeting of the Area TSCO's. (Areas were intra-Agency office designations

for TS control purposes.) The conference, the first of a series.

was designed to improve the overall control system as much as

possible and to develop uniform understanding of procedures 25X1A9a among the Areas. In August 1951 issued a

Guide for Area Top Secret Control Officers to provide

8/ Memo, C/Remords Mangement Branch to C/Library Division, 22 March 1950 MRedesignation of Top Secret Control Officer and CIA Custodian of Registered Documents. C. (File: Library Daily Reading File 1950 Box 68-116/2)

25X1A2q 9/Meme, AD/CD to Chief of Staff, US Army, 6 April 59, sub: Establishment of Control Office in CIA. S. (File Policy 1950 Job 58-98/7

> 11/Memo, CIA Top Secret Control Officer, 10 Oct 50, sub: Conference of Area TS Control Officers. C. (in File: Library

Daily Reading File 1950 Job 68-116/2)
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TROJAN deguments were transferred from ONE to UCD custody in Oct 51 Memo, CIA Librarian to AD/CR, 31 Oct 51, subs TROJAN

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b. Other Relationships with IC

In the mid-1950's the CIA Library began to transfer regularly to the IC foreign publications that (a) had been utilized by research components of CIA and were not scheduled to be retained in the CIA Library, (b) were archival materials no longer required by CIA (for example, the captured Japanese collection), or (c) were current publications received as a result of the CIA Library's worldwide selection program but found to have little or no intelligence value. By 1959, an average of 8,000 pieces, hooks and serials, had been sent to the IC every month.

but informal

An important arrangement was worked out in December 1952 between

the IC and the CIA Library whereby one person from the Circulation

Branch of the Library detailed to the LC on a full-time basis to

handle searching and charging out of all CIA requests, averaging

Abrangements were also made whereby professional personnel recruite were utilized by IC while awaiting full security clearance. These pat IC on projects that were of benefit to CIA.

between LC and CIA. C (Chroni1954-55 JOB 601.548

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8/Memo, CIA Librarian te AD/CD, 9 Dec 52, sub: inter-inter-from IC. U. (in Library 1952-92 Job 58-98/1)

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all TSCO's with a uniform functional understanding of the TS network or system.

By July 1951 the Administrative Services Office assumed responsibility for the Vital Materials Program which had been the Librarian responsibility since 1919.

In 1951 the Library was relieved of two responsibilities and for which it had been responsible since 1948.

which had been time-consuming. The Administrative Services operation of the fer the Vital Materials Program

and the Cable Branch of the Liaison Division (LD) took over the maintenance and servicing of the cable reference file.

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12/Msmo, C/Administrative Services to AD/CR, 17 July 51, sub: Vital Materials Program. C. (in Library 1949-51 Job 58-98/1)

13/Msmo, C/Administrative Services to AD/CR, 17 July 51, sub: Vital Materials Program. C. (in Library 1949-51 Job 58-98/1)

13/Msmo, C/Administrative Services to AD/CR, 17 July 51, sub: Vital Materials Program. C. (in Library 1949-51 Job 58-98/1)

13/Msmo, C/Administrative Services to AD/CR, 17 July 51, sub: Vital Materials Program. C. (in Library 1949-51 Job 58-98/1)

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13/Msmo, C/Administrative Services to AD/CR, 17 July 51, sub: Vital Materials Program. C. (in Library 1949-51 Job 58-98/1)

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13/Msmo, C/Administrative Services to AD/CR, 1949-51 Job 58-98/1)

13/Msmo, C/Administrative Services to AD/CR, 1949-194/10

13/Msmo, C/Adminis



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In June 1955 the Library was again reorganized.

At that time it had a T/O of 248--the highest it has ever had to date (1973). In the course of the reorganization the Book Branch was abolished, and all procurement activities were transferred to the Foreign Branch (established in 1954, after the Foreign Publications Branch of the State Department was transferred to CIA*), which was then renamed Acquisitions Branch. The Catalog Section was moved to the Analysis Branch, which was renamed Analysis and Catalog Branch. The Top Secret Section was removed from the Library entirely, and a new Classification Control Staff, under the OAD, was created to handle consolidation of the document security control functions of the Agency TSCO and the Library Documents Branch.**

were combined in the new Analysis and Catlog Branch, which comprised three sections: Reports, for indexing intelligence reports into Intellofax; Book, for cataloguing books; and Periodicals, for indexing finished intelligence and periodicals and for the clipping service.

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^{*} See Chapter ..., Acquisitions Program **See Chapter ..., OCR, 1954-67

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In September 1956 the DDI ordered an acrossthe-board personnel cut, as a result of which OCR (the name had changed in 1955) had to discontinue several operations that were considered to be of relatively low priority. Among these were reference services in the Library. To achieve a more effective utilization of manpower, OCR was reorganized on 1 November, and parts of the Library and LD, plus the Classification Control Staff, were regrouped into a new Document Division (DD). change placed the coding and dissemination functions in the same place. Management had considered adding the dissemination function to the Library but had decided that this would make the Library too unwieldy. The shift of duties and personnel left the Library with a T/O of 141 and stripped it of the distinction of being the largest single Division in OCR.

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In August 1957 Dr. Andrews resigned from the as AD/CR
Agency. His successor, Paul Borel, immediately set out to evaluate the recommendations of the Library
Consultants in order to have a sound basis for making decisions on them. Examining the Consultants' Report in detail, he found that several basic questions could be identified and set up 16 Task Teams to deal with these problems. Most of the Teams were chaired by OCR personnel, and 37 of the Team members were OCR employees.
Other Agency offices contributed the services of more than 30 of their employees as Team members. Nimexes

Twelve of the 16 Teams dealt with Library operations; the others with general topics, such as training and customer relations. Three of the 12 that concerned the Library were directed toward acquisitions and publications procurement and will not be discussed in this chapter.

for the two projects to The DCI authorized the increased expenditure in October 1952.

Beginning with the March 1952 issue, and as a product of the CIA sponsored project, the MIRA was expanded from two to four parts and with the increased FY 1953 budget, IC added a subject index of monographs. (see Figure 1)

under the agreement to convert the Slavic Union Catalog from author to subject approach, the CIA Library received a set of the subject eard catalog which was henceforth known as the cyrillic Subject Union Catalog (CSUC). In 1956 the CIA Librarian as Project Officer termined the CSUC project. In listing his reasons he stated that he believed it was more important to announce the availability of publications (in the MIRA) than to build up a fully cataloged set of cards. Termination of the CSUC permitted IC to transfer nine positions to the MIRA staff, which needed relief because of an increase in receipts of USSR publications.

* A copy of a 1952 MIRA is on file in CRS Historical File- CIA Library 1952.

* * These CSUC cards were augmented in 1954 in 1955 by cards which the CIA Library received from the Army G-2 Library, the Mair Force ATIC Library, the National Ventral Library in London and the Armed Forces Medical Library on Slavic materials in their libraries. This catalog became known as the IAC Union Catalog in the CIA Library. The did not work successfully, however, because of variations in cataloging practices and the resultant incompatibility of cards for filing purposes. The project stopped in 1956.

3/Memo from AD/CD to DD/I,DD/A, CIA Comptroller, 13 Aug 52.
sub: Additional Support Requested by the Library of Vomgress for
the Monthly List of Russian Accessions and the Skavic Union atalog.
C. (in File Library 1952 Job 58-98/1)

Li/Ltr, AD to Librarian of Congress, 27 Oct 52. C. (in File Library 1952

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Funding by the Agency for the MIRA rose to a peak of almost by FY 1962. By the latter date, the Agency secured the financial participation of the National Science Foundation (NSF) and the Library of Congress itself. CIA costs then stabilized at the

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In 1959, CIA, through OCR, began support to a companion publication, the East European Accessions Index (EEAI), published by IC since 1952. Costs for the EEAI were in FY 1959, rising to

was received from NSF.

During a routine audit of OCR by representatives of the

General Accounting Office (GAO) in 1961, the question of the propriety

of OIA/OCR sponsorship of the two publications was raised. Paul

Bobel, AD/CR at the time, called on the Agency's Central Advisory Group

(CRAG) and the members of the USIB Committee on Documentation (CODIB) to

survey the usefulness of the two publications. NSF and the IC hired

the character and degree of use of the 6/

an outside consultant, to determine MIRA and the EEAI.

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In late 1961 CIA stopped its support of the EEAI and IC ceased its publication. As financial pressure continued to build up on CIA in the ensuing 1960's, the priority importance of the support to MIRA continued to drop. OCR felt that access to Russian publishing had vastly improved compared with the early 1950's, and intelligence users were no longer making substantial use of the MIRA.

^{6/} A Study of the Use of the Monthly Index of Russian Accessions and
The East European Accessions Index by Saul Herner, March 1961
(in File Library of Congress 1957-67 Job 67-515/1)
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